

107-1 高二英文 第二次段考

B3 L4 Giving the Right Gift 題庫(答案版)

分數欄

老師：_____ 班級：_____ 座號：_____ 姓名：_____

一、字彙與慣用語選擇

1. (**A**) It is _____ to pick your nose in public.
(A)impolite (B)Western (C)confident (D)fond
2. (**C**) John turned _____ when he heard his sister died in a car accident.
(A)embarrassing (B)international (C)pale (D)confident
3. (**A**) Because of different social _____, Gary and Anita hold very different views on certain subjects.
(A)background (B)confidence (C)meaning (D)funeral
4. (**C**) Barney is on a business trip in China right now, so he won't be _____ the meeting this afternoon.
(A)offending (B)urging (C)attending (D)honoring
5. (**B**) The _____ of the word "fortunate" is being lucky.
(A)confidence (B)meaning (C)funeral (D)client
6. (**C**) Jeremy didn't like the smell of smoke, so he walked into the shop to _____ the people who are smoking on the street.
(A)attend (B)honor (C)avoid (D)conflict
7. (**D**) The salesperson lost some of his _____ because of his bad service.
(A)meaning (B)backgrounds (C)offense (D)clients
8. (**C**) The young man meant no _____. He just wasn't careful enough to choose the right word to say.
(A)funeral (B)client (C)offense (D)confidence
9. (**A**) The teacher was _____ by his student's rude words.
(A)offended (B)avoided (C)honored (D)attended
10. (**C**) During Earth Hour, Peggy _____ all of her friends to turn off the lights.
(A)offended (B)embarrassed (C)urged (D)floated
11. (**B**) It is impolite to talk with your mouth full.
(A)Western (B)rude (C)embarrassed (D)normal
12. (**C**) _____ the fact that the girl has bent legs, she is determined to finish the marathon.
(A)It's no wonder (B)Keep in mind (C>In spite of (D)Look forward to
13. (**A**) We need to _____ that our guests tonight do not eat pork, and it's important that we don't serve anything with pork in it.
(A)keep in mind (B)look forward (C)in spite (D)no wonder that
14. (**C**) More than one hundred people _____ the actress's wedding.
(A)mattered (B)considered (C)attended (D)emerged
15. (**B**) When the bell rang, the teacher _____ her students to hand in their answer sheets.
(A)offended (B)urged (C)attended (D)embarrassed
16. (**C**) Melissa has _____ in her son and believes that he will do well in the talent show tonight.
(A)meaning (B)funeral (C)confidence (D)background
17. (**B**) In Taiwan, a normal working week is around 42 hours. (選同義字)
(A)traditional (B)typical (C)original (D)personal
18. (**A**) Some people think that it is impolite to ask a woman how old she is. (選同義字)
(A)rude (B)similar (C)usual (D)certain

【習作簿】

19. (B) Tiffany gradually grows _____ of the city.
 (A)Western (B)fond (C)impolite (D)offensive
20. (A) In comparison with Taiwanese students, the students from China seem to be more _____ about expressing themselves.
 (A)confident (B)international (C)embarrassed (D)Western

二、文法選擇

1. (A) People who want to lose weight should avoid _____ too much fast food.
 (A)eating (B)to eat (C)to eating (D)eat
2. (B) Jeff was seriously ill in the hospital last Sunday. _____ was then _____ he realized the importance of health. 【習作簿】
 (A)It; which (B)It; that (C)That; which (D)That; that
3. (A) _____ was Mary that I wrote a letter to yesterday, not May.
 (A)It (B)If (C)Which (D)What
4. (C) It is the adults _____ give the children lucky money on the Chinese New Year's Eve.
 (A)which (B)where (C)who (D)what
5. (A) It's kind of Katy _____ me a Christmas card every year.
 (A)to send (B)sent (C)to sending (D)send
6. (A) It was nice _____ Peter to walk me home last night.
 (A)of (B)with (C)at (D)from
7. (A) The gift will _____ to Cindy on her birthday.
 (A)be given (B)be giving (C)gives (D)give
8. (C) I have a book _____ very interesting.
 (A)is (B)which it is (C)which is (D)and which is
9. (C) The medical experiment is considered _____ because it may improve people's health.
 (A)importantly (B)being important (C)important (D)be important
10. (A) I believe that Joe didn't mean _____ your feelings.
 (A)to hurt (B)hurting (C)hurt (D)by hurting
11. (C) () It was Peter _____ found your lost key.
 (A)where (B)when (C)who (D)which
12. (D) () It was sweet of Nancy _____ a bottle of red wine to the dinner party.
 (A)bring (B)brought (C)bringing (D)to bring
13. (B) () It was the kind woman _____ called an ambulance for you.
 (A)whom (B)who (C)which (D)whose
14. (C) () The weather turned _____ this afternoon.
 (A)coldly (B)being coldly (C)cold (D)being cold
15. (B) Jennifer's hair turned _____ because of her stress.
 (A)whites (B)white (C)whiten (D)whiteness
16. (A) _____ to shout at her father in public.
 (A)It was rude of Sarah (B)It was rude that Sarah (C)Sarah was rude of it (D)Sarah was rude for it
17. (A) Hank got _____ when he lost the game.
 (A)angry (B)angrily (C)anger (D)in anger
18. (B) Oliver birthday is coming. I want to _____.
 (A)buy a basketball to him (B)buy a basketball for him (C)buy him for a basketball (D)buy him to a basketball
19. (D) _____ was my wallet _____ I lost on the train.
 (A)What; so that (B)Which; than (C)There; as (D)It;

20. (C) Sun Moon Lake, _____ is one of the Eight

Wonders of Taiwan, stands in central Taiwan.

(A)who

(B)whom

(C)which

(D)that

三、對話選擇

1. (B) A: Surprise! Happy birthday to you!

B: Wow! What a nice watch! Thanks a lot.

A: It's nothing. _____

(A)You should think twice.

(B)I'm glad you like it.

(C)I've got no plans for tonight.

(D)Good idea.

2. (B) A: Fred gave me a pack of Taiwanese tea, but I'm a bit disappointed with it.

B: _____

A: Well, I don't drink tea, so it won't be a good gift for me.

(A)How about you?

(B)Why is that?

(C)How about a pack of tea?

(D)When is your birthday?

3. (C) A: I'm thinking about holding a beachcleaning campaign during the summer vacation.

B: _____ In this way, we can keep the beach clean and protect the environment at the same time.

A: So, would you like to join me?

B: Of course. Count me in!

(A)It's not as good as I thought.

(B)I'd like to, but I'll be very busy.

(C)Good for you.

(D)Thanks for your advice.

4. (A) A: What do you think about the new restaurant?

B: _____ Both the food and service there are great.

(A)I'm totally satisfied with it.

(B)I won't go there again.

(C)I'm somewhat disappointed.

(D)I'm glad you like it.

5. (A) A: Why are you preparing so many snacks?

B: _____ Will you come together?

A: Sure. I'll bring some drinks.

(A)Some of my friends are coming over to my place.

(B)I'm going on a diet to lose some weight.

(C)These are the gifts I got on my birthday.

(D)The supermarket is having a big sale.

6. (C) A: Your new cell phone looks great.

B: Actually, _____. It can't take beautiful photos.

A: That's too bad.

(A)it is perfect and useful

(B)I am very satisfied with it

(C)it is not as good as I thought

(D)I am lucky enough to have it

7. (C) A: What did you get at Christmas?

B: I got a sweater. _____ because I just bought the same one the other day.

A: I know how you feel.

(A)I don't want to give it to you

(B)I don't like the color of it

(C)I'm somewhat disappointed with it

(D)This is exactly what I hate

8. (B) A: _____

B: Really? What did you get?

A: A cute pair of gloves. I can keep my hands warm with these gloves in winter.

B: Sounds not bad.

(A)I gave my mother a present yesterday.

(B)I'm happy enough with my gift.

(C)In Taiwan, it is really cold in winter.

(D)Here is a pair of gloves for you.

9. (A) A: I ordered a dress in small size online, but I got a large one.

B: You should return it to the store and ask for a dress in your size.

A: I did, but _____. The store said that it might take another month for them to deal with the order.

B: That's ridiculous. I suggest you not shop at this online store again.

(A) I wasn't not satisfied with its service

(B) I'm too thin to wear that dress

(C) the dress looked quite pretty

(D) the online store didn't reply

10. (D) Iris: Mr. Foster, what do you think of my report?

Mr. Foster: _____ You did a good job.

(A) Your report is late again.

(B) There are many mistakes in it.

(C) The ideas are not original.

(D) I'm very pleased with your work.

四、克漏字選擇

1. I'll never forget the day when my boyfriend Joseph, who is from the United States, first met my parents in France. Joseph bought a bouquet of chrysanthemums for them, but I __ (1) __ to tell him that in France, chrysanthemums should only __ (2) __ on graves. Can you imagine how mad my father was when Joseph presented him __ (3) __ chrysanthemums? As soon as my father saw the flowers, he shouted at Joseph, "It is really rude __ (4) __ you to bring us chrysanthemums!" Poor Joseph! He just stood there, not __ (5) __ what to do. It was really a terrible day for him.

(1) () (A) forgetting
(C) have forgotten

(B) forgotten
(D) had forgotten

(2) () (A) be used (B) use

(C) using (D) to use

(3) () (A) for (B) of

(C) by (D) with

(4) () (A) for (B) of

(C) by (D) with

(5) () (A) to know (B) known

(C) knowing (D) knew

答案：(1) D (2) A (3) D (4) B (5) C

2. Giftgiving customs are very different around the world. __ 1 __, people in Taiwan often avoid __ 2 __ clocks as gifts since "giving a clock" in Chinese sounds like " __ 3 __ a funeral." In India, cows are regarded __ 4 __ sacred animals. Therefore, giving any leather gift to Indians is __ 5 __. Besides, it is important to know __ 6 __ chrysanthemums are not a suitable gift for the French because in France those flowers carry the __ 7 __ of death and __ 8 __ for funerals only. Above all, always keep cultural differences __ 9 __. Before giving a gift to foreigners, we should __ 10 __ some time studying their giftgiving customs.

(1) () (A) As a result (B) No wonder (C) For example (D) In spite of

(2) () (A) to give (B) giving (C) given (D) gave

(3) () (A) bending (B) lending (C) offending (D) attending

(4) () (A) to (B) to be (C) as (D) like

(5) () (A) offensive (B) embarrassed (C) confident (D) pleased

(6) () (A) what (B) that (C) which (D) whose

(7) () (A) meaning (B) tradition (C) offense (D) confidence

(8) () (A) using (B) which used (C) used (D) are used

(9) () (A) in surprise (B) in need (C) in mind (D) in sight

(10) () (A) cost (B) take (C) spend (D) pay

答案：(1) C (2) B (3) D (4) C (5) A (6) B (7) A (8) D (9) C (10) C

3. The idea of giving suitable gifts is different from country to country, and sometimes a carefully-selected gift in one culture may be __ (1) __ in another. For example, in Chinese culture, it is a knives as a gift __ (2) __ represents the end of a relationship, and it would be rude of someone __ (3) __ this as a gift. What's more, the way the gift is presented also __ (4) __. In order not to __ (5) __ ourselves, we must spend some time looking up the customs of different places before we give others gifts.

(1) () (A) offensive (B) pleased (C) confident (D) international

(2) () (A) that (B) what (C) which (D) where

(3) () (A) given (B) gives (C) giving (D) to give

(4) () (A) urges (B) matters (C) avoids (D) attends

(5) () (A) offend (B) embarrass (C) honor (D) attend

答案：(1) A (2) A (3) D (4) B (5) B

4. A year ago, I didn't know anything about Hindu culture and customs, so when I visited a friend in India, something

___(1)___ happened to me. Before the visit, I bought a beautiful leather purse for my friend, and I was ___(2)___ that she would like it. However, I didn't know that to Hindu people, it is the cows ___(3)___ are considered sacred. Leather gifts are thought to be ___(4)___ because of this. It was ___(5)___ that my friend wasn't happy when she saw the gift. Next time when I visit a foreign country, I will not make the same mistake again.

(1) () (A) Western (B) embarrassing (C) pleased (D) fond

(2) () (A) normal (B) embarrassed (C) confident (D) impolite

(3) () (A) that (B) which (C) what (D) where

(4) () (A) fond (B) perfect (C) normal (D) offensive

(5) () (A) no wonder (B) in spite (C) keep in mind (D) as for

答案：(1) B (2) C (3) A (4) D (5) A

五、閱讀測驗

1. Giftgiving customs are very different from country to country. As an American, I always treat a bottle of wine as a perfect gift when visiting a friend. However, I noticed that the French prefer to serve their own wine when they invite friends over for dinner. For them, bringing wine as a gift is not the best choice. In fact, it is better to bring a bouquet of flowers or a box of candies as a gift in France.

On the other hand, flowers, in Italy, are only used in funerals. To avoid such embarrassment (尷尬), buying wine is a safer decision there. In addition, the British love and **expect** candies when their friends return from vacation. As a result, when I pay a visit to a British friend, I often bring a box of chocolates with me. Before traveling abroad, I believe it is important to have a basic understanding of the local cultures so as not to offend the local people.

(1) () The writer is a(n) ____.

(A) American (B) French (C) Italian (D) British

(2) () Who will NOT enjoy a bouquet of flowers as a gift?

(A) The Americans. (B) The French.

(C) The Italians. (D) The British.

(3) () The word **expect** in the second paragraph (段落) probably means ____.

(A) to keep in mind (B) to dress up as

(C) to take care of (D) to look forward to

(4) () According to the passage, which of the following is true?

(A) A bottle of wine is a perfect gift in France.

(B) The writer may come from Britain.

(C) The Americans often bring candies to funerals.

(D) Sending flowers as a gift in Italy is offensive.

答案：(1) A (2) C (3) D (4) D

六、引導式翻譯

1. Jeff 經常取笑 Tracy。難怪她不喜歡他。

Jeff often makes fun of Tracy. It's _____ that she doesn't like him.

答案：no; wonder

2. Glenn 的皮膚在吃了蝦子之後變成紅色。

Glenn's skin _____ after he ate some shrimps.

答案：turned; red

3. 感謝你挺身相助，我永遠都會銘記在心。

Thank you for helping me out. I will always _____ it _____.

答案：keep; in; mind

4. 儘管我最好的朋友遠在臺南，她還是來到臺北慶祝我的生日。

_____ the fact that my best friend lives far away in Tainan, she still came to Taipei to celebrate my birthday.

答案：In ; spite ; of

5. 儘管 Chase 先生工作很忙，他從未忘記在週末的時候致電雙親。

_____ *In* _____ *spite* _____ of the fact that Mr. Chase is busy with his work, he never forgets to call his parents on weekends.

6. Tim 上個月和女友分手了。難怪他看起來很難過。

Tim broke up with his girlfriend last month. It's _____ *no* _____ *wonder* _____ that he looks upset.

七 句型練習

1. { Joseph was careless.

{ He left his wallet on the school bus. (*It...*)

→ *It was careless of Joseph to leave his wallet on the school bus.*

2. I met my wife at the Halloween party. (強調畫底線的部分)

→ *It was at the Halloween party that I met my wife*

3. Trevor was sweet.

Trevor made a birthday cake for his mother. (合併句子)

It was sweet of Trevor to make a birthday cake for his mother.

4. { Amy was nice.

{ Amy helped me with my math homework. (合併句子)

It was nice of Amy to help me with my math homework.

5. Sam fell in love with Marie.

→ It was Marie *that Sam fell in love with*

6. Cassidy broke the school computer.

→ It was the *school computer that Cassidy broke*

7. silly/of/It/Amanda/was/to/believe a stranger

It was silly of Amanda to believe a stranger.

8. Sam/smart/think of this idea/It/was/of/to

It was smart of Sam to think of this idea.

9. share a joke/humorous/of/with us/to/It/Jimmy/was

It was humorous of Jimmy to share a joke with us.

10. It/answer her students' questions/patient/the teacher/of/to/is

It is patient of the teacher to answer her students' questions.