

B5 L2 Working While Traveling 題庫

一、字彙與慣用語選擇

1. (C) Though Amy and Murphy are twins (雙胞胎), their likes and dislikes _____ in many ways.
(A)explode (B)judge (C)vary (D)adapt
2. (B) (選出一個與劃底線的字詞意義最相近的答案)
Based on the areas of seats, the price of the concert ticket will vary.
(A)turn (B)differ (C)carry (D)adjust
3. (C) (選出一個與劃底線的字詞意義最相近的答案)
Kevin has had troublesome leg pain since he fell down in a marathon race.
(A)furious (B)financial (C)annoying (D)comforting
4. (B) Although Jeff doesn't _____ money being a violin teacher, he loves his job.
(A)judge (B)earn (C)explode (D)apply
5. (B) Without any financial aid, Mr. Webers was _____ from founding his own company.
(A)settled in (B)held back (C)paid off (D)sorted out
6. (C) The old lady has had a _____ cough for months, and the medicine doesn't seem to help.
(A)furious (B)beneficial (C)troublesome (D)additional
7. (A) The restaurant doesn't take reservations, so there is no need to call _____.
(A)in advance (B)on the other hand (C)in truth (D)in addition
8. (A) If you can't keep your promise, you shouldn't have given me your words _____.
(A)in the first place (B)for instance (C)in advance (D)in addition
9. (A) Running away from the scene of the traffic accident instead of calling the police will only _____ the situation.
(A)complicate (B)vary (C)assist (D)apply
10. (C) More than one thousand people have _____ for the job at the technology company, but only one will get the job.
(A)adapted (B)assisted (C)applied (D)advanced
11. (B) Cassidy woke up at _____ to catch the first bus to Taichung.
(A)advance (B)dawn (C)labor (D)reward
12. (A) It's difficult to _____ how much time it takes to repair the city after the powerful earthquake.
(A)judge (B)earn (C)complicate (D)vary
13. (D) The number of people who are learning Korean has _____ since Korean dramas became popular in Taiwan.
(A)adapted (B)earned (C)applied (D)exploded
14. (D) Examining the bags of the travelers is just a part of the standard _____.
(A)explosion (B)reward (C)assistant (D)procedure
15. (C) (選出一個與劃底線的字詞意義最相近的答案)
There will be an additional charge if you go over the data limit for your smartphone.
(A)beneficial (B)ready (C)extra (D)usual

二、文法選擇

1. (B) Most companies have their products _____ in China because of its cheap labor.
(A)make (B)made (C)making (D)to be made
2. (D) The police found a lot of gold _____ behind the wall.
(A)be hidden (B)to hide (C)hiding (D)hidden
3. (D) Melody has worked _____ a kitchen helper in the Japanese restaurant for three years.
(A)be (B)at (C)from (D)as
4. (C) _____ student entered this school without passing its entrance exam.
(A)Any (B)Not (C)No (D)All
5. (C) Mr. Brown drinks coffee every day. He _____ eat breakfast without drinking coffee.
(A)never (B)no (C)doesn't (D)does
6. (D) Ethan is _____ short _____ reach the top of the shelf.
(A)too; that (B)so; that (C)so; to (D)too; to
7. (A) Wesley said he would never go back home _____ realizing his dream.

- (A)without (B)with (C)by (D)from
8. (B) Setting off firecrackers (放鞭炮) _____ a Chinese New Year tradition.
(A)are (B)is (C)to be (D)be to
9. (C) When George is driving in the mountains, he drives slowly to keep himself _____.
(A)saving (B)saved (C)safe (D)safely
10. (A) The waitress kept my glass _____ whenever she came.
(A)full (B)fill (C)filling (D)be full

三、對話選擇

1. (C) Luke: Do you think your parents will allow you to go on a working holiday?
Martha: _____ They always want me to learn more about the world.
(A)Great! (B)All right. (C)Certainly! (D)I'm afraid not.
2. (B) Receptionist: Good evening, Sydney Hostel. May I help you?
Carrie: _____
Receptionist: Sorry, I'm afraid we're full that night.
(A)There's something wrong with the toilet in my room.
(B)Yes, please, I'd like to book a room for December 24.
(C)Can you tell me how to get to your hostel?
(D)How much is the plane ticket from Taipei to Sydney?
3. (D) A: We're thinking of having breakfast in the hotel. _____
B: A double room with breakfast is 69 dollars per person.
(A)Then we'll have a nice day. (B)Give me your phone number.
(C)Have you eaten breakfast here before? (D)What kind of room do you suggest?
4. (A) Nathan: I want to book a room for tomorrow.
Receptionist: What type of room would you like?
Nathan: _____
Receptionist: OK. Let me check.
(A)A single room. (B)October 12. (C)Three rooms. (D)One night.
5. (D) Nicole: Do you have a double room available for tonight?
Receptionist: Yes, we do.
Nicole: _____
Receptionist: It's 1,500 NT dollars per night.
(A)Could I get a discount? (B)Does it include breakfast?
(C)Your arrival date, please? (D)What is the room rate then?
6. (D) A: Is it possible to change my room reservation?
B: _____ I'll need your name, please.
(A)I can't help you. (B)You're sorry. (C)I'm afraid not. (D)Certainly.
7. (B) A: _____
B: Yes. I lost my credit card in the hostel room last night.
(A)Do you have a credit card? (B)May I help you?
(C)I feel sorry for you. (D)You're too young to have a credit card.
8. (A) A: Good morning, Miss. May I help you?
B: I booked a single room last week. _____
A: I can't find your name. Sorry. It seems you didn't make a reservation.
A: Really? There must be something wrong.
(A)The name's Tracy Chen. (B)I'd like to book a double room.
(C)I'm named after Queenie Chen. (D)Let me check your name.
9. (A) A: I'd like to take that dress. Is there a discount?
B: _____ The price is fixed.
(A)I'm afraid not. (B)No problem. (C)Sure. Why not? (D)Of course!

10. (A) A: Hi, _____

B: No problem. When will you arrive and how many nights will you stay?

(A) I'd like to book a double room.

(B) Is this Grand Hotel?

(C) Please give me the room key.

(D) How much do you charge for a twin room?

四、克漏字選擇

1. Working holidays are nothing new, but the idea __ (1) __ more and more popular in recent years. Going on a working holiday means earning some spending money __ (2) __ working in the country you visit. However, working holidays are not only fun and games. For example, you may be employed __ (3) __ boring or backbreaking work. If you live a comfortable life, the hard work may not be easy for you. Therefore, be sure to get enough information __ (4) __ before you decide to join a working holiday program. If you are prepared, then it won't be __ (5) __ difficult __ (5) __ achieve your dream of traveling around the world.

(1) () (A) becomes (B) is become (C) had become (D) has become

(2) () (A) from (B) to (C) by (D) toward

(3) () (A) doing (B) to do (C) to doing (D) to be done

(4) () (A) in advance (B) in sight (C) by accident (D) by storm

(5) () (A) too; to (B) so; that (C) rather; than (D) such; as

答案：(1) D (2) C (3) B (4) A (5) A

五、閱讀測驗

1. Backpacking (背包旅行) alone is an exciting experience. Many people enjoy traveling alone because they can do whatever they want, while a package tour is planned by a travel agency. However, backpacking alone can be dangerous. Therefore, people should keep several important things in mind during their trips.

First, keep your money in a hidden pocket so that no one can steal it. Second, be careful when looking at maps so that others will not know that you are a tourist and trick you out of your money, especially in those dangerous areas you have learned from travel guides. Third, make sure that you have enough medicine that you need. Finally, carry a card with the names and phone numbers of your family and friends so that other people can contact them if you become seriously sick or run into trouble.

However, despite the things you need to remember, traveling alone gives you more chances to meet new people. For example, a walking tour is a good way to meet other backpackers and share experiences with them, while train rides give you many chances to talk with strangers. Talking with the locals is also a good way to find those places that most travelers have never visited before, which will let you see things in a different light.

Regardless of the tips mentioned above, only you yourself can decide if backpacking alone is something that you want to try. After all, you are the one who has to face the difficulties and have a good time during the trip.

(1) () What is the main idea of the passage?

(A) Backpacking alone is dangerous.

(B) A backpacker should keep some tips in mind.

(C) Ask others for advice before you decide to travel alone.

(D) To talk with strangers, you'd better take a train.

(2) () Which of the following is NOT suggested in the passage when you backpack by yourself?

(A) Keep your money in a hidden pocket.

(B) Bring your personal medicine with you.

(C) Carry a card with your family's and friends' names and phone numbers on it.

(D) Don't ask for directions when you get lost.

(3) () According to the passage, a good way to find those places that tourists seldom visit is to _____.

(A) join walking tours

(B) take train rides

(C) talk with the locals

(D) take a package tour

(4) () According to the passage, the writer suggests that _____.

(A) everyone must try to be a backpacker

(B) not everyone can enjoy being a backpacker

(C) backpacking is a good way to earn a lot of money

(D) backpacking can be planned by a travel agency

(5) () People can probably read the passage in a book on _____.

(A) traveling (B) medicine (C) science (D) sports

答案：(1) B (2) D (3) C (4) B (5) A

六、引導式翻譯

1. 雖然文化隔閡是令人煩惱的問題，但 Wendy 已經逐漸地適應了西雅圖的生活。

Although cultural b_____ are t_____ problems, Wendy has gradually a_____ to the life in Seattle

答案：barriers ; troublesome ; adapted

2. Lydia 從來不會沒有仔細思考就下判斷。

Lydia _____ makes a _____ thinking carefully.

答案：never ; judgement ; without

3. 申請大學的程序包括寄發你的成績單給學校。

The _____ for _____ to an _____ includes sending the school your report card.

答案：procedure ; applying ; university

4. 起初，公司裡大部分的資深員工都不支持他的決定。

Most of the senior workers in the company didn't support his decision _____.

答案：in ; the ; first ; place

5. 獨自在歐洲旅行一個月是我至今最棒的一場冒險。旅途中，我花了許多時間探索知名觀光景點並認識來自不同國家的人們。

Traveling alone in Europe for one month is the best a_____ I have had so far. During this trip, I spent a lot of time e_____ famous tourist a_____ and met people from different countries.

答案：adventure ; exploring ; attractions

七、改寫句子

1. Everyone has to buy a ticket to get on the train. (用 no...without 改寫句子)

答案：No one can get/gets on the train without buying a ticket.

2. After seeing the horror movie, everybody left the theater feeling scared.

(用 nobody...without + V-ing/N 的句型改寫)

答案：After seeing the horror movie, nobody left the theater without feeling scared.

3. Tina can only use the computer after she finishes her homework.

(用 cannot...without 改寫句子)

答案：Tina cannot use the computer without finishing her homework.

4. Mr. Lee always brings a lunchbox when he goes to work.

(用 never...without + V-ing/N 的句型改寫)

答案：Mr. Lee never goes to work without bringing a lunchbox.

5. All humans need air and water to live. (用 no...without + V-ing/N 的句型改寫)

答案：No human can live without air and water.

八、重組句子

1. never late/William/an excuse/without/for school/is

答案：William is never late for school without an excuse.

2. stolen/Paul/found/in the night market/his wallet

答案：Paul found his wallet stolen in the night market.

3. alone at home/shouldn't/their children/Parents/leave

答案：Parents shouldn't leave their children alone at home.

4. can leave/No student/without/permission/the classroom/the teacher's

答案：No student can leave the classroom without the teacher's permission.

5. his chair/Mrs. Tang/found/her husband/asleep/on

答案：Mrs. Tang found her husband asleep on his chair.

九、整句式翻譯

1. 這個工作職缺似乎好到不像是真的。你真的應該再三考慮。

答案：The/This job offer seems too good to be true. You really should think twice about it.

2. Karen 並不想跟 George 一起去看電影，但是她一開始並沒有拒絕他的提議。

答案：Karen didn't want to go to the movies with George, but she didn't reject his suggestion in the first place.

3. The new procedure for applying for a credit card is less complicated.

答案：新的信用卡申請手續比較不複雜。

4. Jessica is up for the dance competition after discussing the pros and cons with her parents and teachers.

答案：在與雙親及老師們討論利弊之後，Jessica 願意參加舞蹈比賽。

5. 文化差異複雜化了 Jeff 和 Omar 間的誤會。

答案：Cultural differences complicate the misunderstanding between Jeff and Omar.