

## 108-1 B3L1 Same Neighbor, but a different World 題庫

### 一、字彙與慣用語選擇

1. The large supermarket in the \_\_\_\_\_ makes it convenient for the locals to shop.  
(A)custom (B)observation (C)neighborhood (D)culture

答案：(C)

2. Because George doesn't speak Japanese, he finds it hard to \_\_\_\_\_ Japanese songs.  
(A)appreciate (B)bother (C)mind (D)adopt

答案：(A)

3. Victor and Ryan are both from England, and they share the same \_\_\_\_\_ background (背景).  
(A)humorous (B)cultural (C)rude (D)disgusting

答案：(B)

4. Mr. Wang is such a wise and \_\_\_\_\_ teacher that we all enjoy his class very much.  
(A)social (B)humorous (C)rude (D)disgusting

答案：(B)

5. The Internet plays a very important part in modern \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A)society (B)praise (C)custom (D)neighborhood

答案：(A)

6. Please \_\_\_\_\_ that the report should be handed in next Monday.  
(A)adopt (B)bother (C)view (D)note

答案：(C)

- John's friends all \_\_\_\_\_ him for his honesty. John really has won everyone's trust.  
(A)mind (B)express (C)praise (D)view

答案：(C)

8. Jim was punished (處罰) by his mother for being \_\_\_\_\_ to his grandpa.  
(A)cultural (B)rude (C)social (D)humorous

答案：(B)

9. Sean is a nice person, so he doesn't \_\_\_\_\_ listening to his friends' complaints.  
(A)appreciate (B)mind (C)view (D)adopt

答案：(B)

10. The farmer planted the seeds 5 inches \_\_\_\_\_ so that they have enough room to grow.  
(A)overseas (B)early (C)apart (D)ago

答案：(C)

11. Miranda has lived in Russia for 8 years, and she knows a lot about the local \_\_\_\_\_. (A)customs (B)praise (C)hesitations (D)silence

答案：(A)

12. Jack was so nervous that he forgot to \_\_\_\_\_ his name when he introduced himself. (A)bother (B)mind (C)view (D)mention

答案：(D)

13. The loud music from next door every night \_\_\_\_\_ Jennifer and makes it difficult for her to fall asleep. (A)adopts (B)mentions (C)bothers (D)observes

答案：(C)

14. While most Taiwanese people think stinky tofu is delicious, some foreigners think it smells \_\_\_\_\_. (A)disgusting (B)rude (C)social (D)naked

答案：(A)

15. Zoe has lived in France for 15 years and has \_\_\_\_\_ the country as her home. (A)appreciated (B)bothered (C)minded (D)adopted

答案：(D)

16. Instead of having a child of their own, Mr. and Mrs. Chen \_\_\_\_\_ a 2-year-old girl. (A)adopted (B)expressed (C)noted (D)minded

答案：(A)

17. Paul wants to start his own business, but he doesn't have enough financial (財務的) \_\_\_\_\_. (A)expressions (B)cultures (C)resources (D)societies

答案：(C)

18. (選出字義與畫線的字詞最相似的選項)

Phil's hard work led to his success in the end. (A)got used to (B)occurred to (C)resulted in (D)found out

答案：(C)

19. (選出字義與畫線的字詞最相似的選項)

The boss made a few observations about Kim's new invention. (A)neighborhoods (B)remarks (C)entrances (D)questions

答案：(B)

20. (選出字義與畫線的字詞最相似的選項)

In my view, nurses should be paid more than they are now. (A)opinion (B)society (C)imagination (D)resource

答案：(A)

21.(選出字義與畫線的字詞最相似的選項)

Joan views her pet dog as her family. (A)observes (B)praises (C)expresses  
(D)sees

答案：(D)

22. Robert noted that there was a coffee stain on his shirt. (A)considered (B)noticed  
(C)minded (D)bothered

答案：(B)

23.(選出字義與畫線的字詞最相似的選項)

It is rude to talk with your mouth full. (A)impolite (B)impress (C)disgusting  
(D)humorous

答案：(A)

## 二、文法選擇

1. When it comes \_\_\_\_\_, David is the best in our class. (A)sing (B)sings (C)to  
sing (D)to singing

答案：(D)

2. Getting up early in cold weather \_\_\_\_\_ not easy for me. (A)be (B)is (C)are  
(D)×

答案：(B)

3. The \_\_\_\_\_ student volunteered to take care of the stray cats (流浪貓) at school.  
(A)animal-loving (B)animal-love (C)love-animal (D)loving-animal

答案：(A)

4. Last month, I went to Sydney \_\_\_\_\_ the invitation of a local friend. (A)in (B)to  
(C)at (D)on

答案：(C)

5. Little \_\_\_\_\_ what other people think about him. (A)the man cares (B)cares  
the man (C)the man does care (D)does the man care

答案：(D)

6. ( ) Michael is the leader of the basketball team, and he is \_\_\_\_\_ taller than the  
other players on the team. (A)much (B)more (C)many (D)most

答案：(A)

7. ( ) This \_\_\_\_\_ writer has made her experiences into a new book.  
(A)travel-loved (B)loving-travel (C)travel-loving (D)loved-travel

答案：(C)

8. ( ) Patty is always the top student in our class. \_\_\_\_\_ a smart girl she is!

(A)Why (B)Who (C)How (D)What

答案 : (D)

9. ( ) My grandfather still looks young and healthy. \_\_\_\_\_ seen him get sick. (A)I

never (B)Never have I (C)Never I have (D)I do never

答案 : (B)

10. ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ tiring it is to prepare dinner on Chinese New Year's Eve! (A)What

(B)How (C)How a (D)What a

答案 : (B)

11. ( ) Andy is a nice boy. \_\_\_\_\_ get angry. (A)Does he rarely (B)He rarely

(C)Rarely does he (D)Rarely he

答案 : (C)

12. ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ people know about the superstar's personal life. (A)Little does

(B)Little do (C)Does little (D)Do little

答案 : (B)

13. ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ the news report, a child went missing in the mountains last night.

(A)According to (B)In addition (C)In the past (D)For instance

答案 : (A)

14. \_\_\_\_\_ it was! (A)What amazing a show (B)How a show amazing (C)What

an amazing show (D)How an amazing show

答案 : (C)

15. My parents are used \_\_\_\_\_ a walk after dinner. (A)take (B)taking (C)to

take (D)to taking

答案 : (D)

16. \_\_\_\_\_ amazing the Great Wall of China is! (A)How (B)Where (C)What

(D)When

答案 : (A)

17. \_\_\_\_\_ an exciting movie it was! (A)Where (B)How (C)What

(D)When

答案 : (C)

18. This gold ring is \_\_\_\_\_ more expensive than the silver one.

(A)most (B)very (C)too (D)much

答案 : (D)

19. Seldom \_\_\_\_\_ Philip drink coffee. He likes tea better.

(A)does (B)done (C)do (D)has

答案：(A)

20. It is considered unlucky \_\_\_\_\_ a mirror (鏡子).

(A)break (B)to break (C)breaks (D)to breaking

答案：(B)

### 三、克漏字選擇

1. Many of Taiwan's customs are considered strange to Yuka Aoki, a Japanese writer. For example, she \_\_ (1) \_\_ that Taiwanese people are free to talk while other people are singing at a KTV. \_\_ (2) \_\_ for the Japanese to do that! Aoki said that Japanese people always listen carefully to others \_\_ (3) \_\_ at KTVs. In addition, she noticed that in comparison to Japanese people, Taiwanese people stand \_\_ (4) \_\_ closer to each other when they are walking. Although some Taiwanese customs are different from Japanese ones, Aoki is in love with the warmth of Taiwanese people. Through her writings, she continues to introduce Taiwan \_\_ (5) \_\_ other Japanese people.

(1) ( ) (A) observed (B) adopted (C) protected (D) determined

(2) ( ) (A) How rude would it be (B) What rude would it be (C) How rude it would be (D) What rude it would be

(3) ( ) (A) sing (B) sung (C) sings (D) to singing

(4) ( ) (A) apart (B) much (C) more (D) very

(5) ( ) (A) up (B) at (C) on (D) to

答案：(1) A (2) C (3) A (4) B (5) D

2. Yuka Aoki is a Japanese writer who has traveled to more than 45 countries. Never \_\_ (1) \_\_ she visited Taiwan before 2002. In 2002, Aoki visited Taiwan \_\_ (2) \_\_ the invitation of her friend. Her first impression of Taiwan was, “\_\_ (3) \_\_ strange Taiwanese people are!” She noted some cultural differences between Taiwan and Japan. Those differences sometimes \_\_ (4) \_\_ funny and interesting situations. Slowly, Aoki understood the differences between the two cultures, and she even started to write books on her \_\_ (5) \_\_ about life as a Japanese woman in Taiwan.

(1) ( ) (A) was (B) did (C) had (D) ×

(2) ( ) (A) on (B) of (C) to (D) at

(3) ( ) (A) Why (B) How (C) What (D) Where

(4) ( ) (A) led to (B) occurred to (C) were used to (D) when it comes to

(5) ( ) (A) observations (B) neighborhoods (C) societies (D) crimes

答案：(1) C (2) D (3) B (4) A (5) A

3. According to Yuka Aoki, a Japanese writer in Taiwan, the KTV \_\_ (1) \_\_ is very different in Japan and Taiwan. Taiwanese people are \_\_ (2) \_\_ freer than Japanese people at a KTV. For example, in Taiwan, people can talk and sing freely when someone else is singing. However, \_\_ (3) \_\_ people in Japan do that. \_\_ (4) \_\_, it is not polite to sing the song that has just been sung at a KTV in Japan. However, Taiwanese people don't mind \_\_ (5) \_\_ the same song again and again. Aoki found these cultural differences very interesting.

- (1) ( ) (A) culture (B) origin (C) humor (D) waste  
(2) ( ) (A) much (B) very (C) more (D) too  
(3) ( ) (A) never (B) never are (C) do never (D) never do  
(4) ( ) (A) Therefore (B) Instead of (C) In addition to (D) What's more  
(5) ( ) (A) sing (B) be sung (C) singing (D) to singing

答案 : (1) A (2) A (3) D (4) D (5) C

#### 四、對話選擇

1. A: It seems that Indian people do not wear shorts when they visit a temple.  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ In Taiwan, people can wear shorts when they go to a temple. (A) That's really different from our custom. (B) I think we are very similar. (C) Taiwanese people are the same. (D) You're being rude.

答案 : (A)

2. A: I heard you studied in Russia for 4 years. \_\_\_\_\_  
B: Sure. For example, Russian people rarely smile. Smiling is considered fake instead of friendly. (A) What do they do with the toilet paper? (B) Can you give me an example of the differences between Russia and Taiwan? (C) Do they drive on the right side of the road? (D) Isn't it rude to do so?

答案 : (B)

3. A: People in Taiwan pat (輕拍) children on their heads to show love and care.  
B: Unlike Taiwanese people, \_\_\_\_\_. It is considered rude to pat one's head.  
(A) there are many similarities (B) we prefer to wear our shoes at home (C) people in Malaysia never do that (D) it is polite to look someone in the eyes while talking

答案 : (C)

4. A: I noticed that in the U.S., most people take a shower in the morning.  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ Most people in Taiwan take a shower in the evening. (A) We are short

of hot water. (B)We don't usually do that. (C)I'll take them both. (D)That's common in Taiwan, too.

答案 : (B)

5. A: There are some similarities between people in Brazil and in Taiwan.

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: For instance, people in Brazil like to stand close to each other as well. (A)Can you give me an example? (B)What country will you visit next? (C)How much did you spend on the trip to Brazil? (D)What about the differences?

答案 : (A)

6. A: People in Vietnam hold the bowls in their hands and use chopsticks to eat rice.

B: \_\_\_\_\_ People in Taiwan do the same. (A)There are no similarities between us. (B)It is considered rude to do so. (C)That is very similar to the Taiwanese custom. (D)That's really different from our custom.

答案 : (C)

7. A: Did you know that people in Korea never hold the bowls in their hands while eating?

B: That's interesting. \_\_\_\_\_, we hold the bowls in our hands while eating.

(A)Same as we (B)For example (C)As a result (D)Unlike them

答案 : (D)

8. A: I think it is very strange that people in Australia drive their cars on the left side of the road.

B: \_\_\_\_\_ In Taiwan, we drive our cars on the right side of the road. (A)I can't drive (B)What else? (C)Is that strange? (D)I think so, too.

答案 : (D)

9. A: Isn't it rude not to look a person in the eye when they are talking?

B: \_\_\_\_\_ In Korea, avoiding (避免) eye contact is considered polite, especially when you are talking to someone older than you. (A)Quite the contrary. (B)That's very similar to our custom. (C)That's why I always look people in the eyes. (D)My eyes are getting worse.

答案 : (A)

10. A: I was kind of shocked when I learned that in China there were no doors in restrooms.

B: That's really strange. Unlike them, we prefer to \_\_\_\_\_. (A)eat rice with chopsticks (B)take off our shoes at home (C)throw dirty toilet paper into the trash can (D)have the door closed when we use the toilet

答案：(D)

11. ( ) A: There are several countries in East Asia.

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: Sure. Here are some of them: Japan, Korea, China, and Taiwan. (A)Can you give me some examples? (B)How do you know that? (C)What do you think? (D)Do you know how to read a map?

12. ( ) A: Please stop! It is not polite to eat noodles loudly in a restaurant.

B: \_\_\_\_\_ For we Japanese, it is a way to show the noodles are delicious.

(A)That is true. (B)Quite the contrary. (C)You can say that again. (D)This is why I hate noodles.

答案：(B)

13. ( ) A: Several similarities can be seen in these two languages.

B: Yes, they both use Chinese characters. \_\_\_\_\_

A: Well, several words sound the same too. (A)Really? (B)No kidding! (C)What else? (D)Shut up!

答案：(C)

14. ( ) A: My father seldom uses a computer to play games.

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: He uses Facebook to interact with his friends online. (A)Then what does he do with it? (B)Isn't it interesting? (C)Does he feel tired after work? (D)What about your mother?

答案：(A)

15. ( ) A: It seems that the Japanese drive their cars on the left side of the road.

B: \_\_\_\_\_ Unlike Japan, people in Taiwan drive on the right side. (A)This is wrong. (B)That's interesting. (C)I have no idea. (D)Are you sure about that?

答案：(B)



## 五、閱讀測驗

1. Everyone in the world uses the bathroom, but the rules of how to use the bathroom are different from country to country. Bathroom etiquette usually reflects some aspects of a country's culture. For example, Japanese culture values cleanliness, especially in the bathroom.

Using the bathroom in Japan requires one to follow a strict set of rules. First, the location of the toilet is important. It is often by itself, away from showers. In private homes, people wear special **slippers** in the toilet area to keep their feet clean. Although squat toilets are still common in public bathrooms, many people now have Western toilets at home. These toilets often have heated seats and bidets. Regardless of the toilet type, toilet paper is always flushed rather than thrown into a waste basket. Finally, the bathroom sink is usually in a separate room so that people can wash their hands away from the toilet.

Using the bathroom in a foreign country can sometimes be challenging, but learning to follow the proper rules is a way to show respect for the country's culture. Although you may feel awkward when using the bathroom in a foreign place, it also leads to a more authentic travel experience.

( 1 ) (    ) The second paragraph mainly talks about \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) the design of a Western bathroom
- (B) the differences between the bathrooms in Taiwan and in Japan
- (C) the rules of how to use a Japanese bathroom
- (D) the awkward feeling of using a Japanese bathroom

( 2 ) (    ) **Slippers** are a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) hats
- (B) glasses
- (C) shoes
- (D) toilets

( 3 ) (    ) According to the passage, in Japan, the bathroom sink is in a separate room because \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) people don't want to wash their hands near the toilet
- (B) the bathroom is too small for it
- (C) very few people need it
- (D) putting it next to the toilet will cost too much money

( 4 ) (    ) According to the passage, following the rules of bathroom etiquette in a foreign country is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) nothing important
- (B) a bad travel experience

(C) a way to become smart

(D) a way to show respect

(5) ( ) According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true?

(A) It can be challenging to use the bathroom in a foreign country.

(B) Toilet paper should always be thrown into a waste basket in Japan.

(C) Toilets in Japanese private homes often have bidets.

(D) Cleanliness is considered important in Japanese culture.

**答案** : (1) C (2) C (3) A (4) D (5) B

## 五、句型練習

1. amazing/the magic trick/was!/How (重組句子)

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**答案** : How amazing the magic trick was!

2. a smart boy/What/is!/Kenny (重組句子)

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**答案** : What a smart boy Kenny is!

3. beautifully/How/the song!/sang/Cindy (重組句子)

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**答案** : How beautifully Cindy sang the song!

4. does/the housework/Nina/Seldom/do

**答案** : Seldom does Nina do the housework.

5. well/the piano!/plays/Janet's daughter/How

**答案** : How well Janet's daughter plays the piano!

6. What/is!/country/beautiful/a/Australia

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**答案** : What a beautiful country Australia is!

7. Jack/How/loudly/clapped!

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答案：How loudly Jack clapped!

8. lied to/Sharon/has/Never/her parents

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答案：Never has Sharon lied to her parents.

9. does/my grandfather/seafood/Rarely/have

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答案：Rarely does my grandfather have seafood.

10. did/that/her decision/note/Little/Jamie/might change her life

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答案：Little did Jamie note that her decision might change her life.

## 六、引導式翻譯

1. 醫生說我的抽菸習慣可能會導致肺癌。

The doctor said that my smoking habit might lead to lung cancer.

答案：lead ; to

2. 這個受歡迎的女子團體是由四位既漂亮又有實力的歌手所組成。

The popular girl group is made up of four beautiful and talented singers.

答案：made ; up

3. 騎腳踏車可以幫你省錢。而且，對健康也有益。

Riding a bicycle can help you save money. What's more, it is good for your health.

答案：What's ; more

4. Helen 在美國已經住了兩年，但她還是不習慣那裡的食物。

Helen has lived in the United States for two years, but she \_\_\_\_\_ still not \_\_\_\_\_ the food there.

**答案**：is；used；to

5. 我想到我把手機放在家裡，所以我又回去拿。

It \_\_\_\_\_ me that I had left my cell phone at home, so I went back to get it.

**答案**：occurred；to

8. 這個合唱團由鄰近地區的孩童所組成。

The choir was \_\_\_\_\_ of the children in the \_\_\_\_\_.

**答案**：made；up；neighborhood

9. 當談到中國的廁所，有些人認為它們令人作嘔。

\_\_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_\_\_ to the restrooms in China, some people consider them \_\_\_\_\_.

**答案**：When；comes；disgusting

10. 這個國家以它美麗的風景著名。而且，它也擁有豐富的自然資源。

The country is famous for its beautiful scenery. \_\_\_\_\_, it is also rich in natural \_\_\_\_\_.

**答案**：What's；more；resources

11. Mike 注意到臺灣人不介意靠近彼此走路，但他比較喜歡和別人相隔很遠。

Mike has \_\_\_\_\_ that people in Taiwan don't \_\_\_\_\_ walking very close to each other, but he prefers staying far \_\_\_\_\_ from others.

**答案**：noted/noticed；mind；apart

12. 談到繪畫，Sarah 毫無疑問是我們學校裡最棒的畫家。

When it \_\_\_\_\_ painting, Sarah is no doubt the best painter in our school.

**答案**：comes；to