108-1 高二英文 第二次段考

B3 L4 Giving the Right Gift 題庫(答案版)

一、字彙與慣用語選擇

1. (A) It is to pick your	nose in public.		
(A)impolite	(B)Western	(C)confident	(D)fond
2. (C) John turned whe	n he heard his sister died in a	car accident.	
(A)embarrassing		(C)pale	(D)confident
3. (A) Because of different social	, Gary and Anita ho	ld very different views on cer	tain subjects.
(A)background	(B)confidence	(C)meaning	(D)funeral
4. (C) Barney is on a business trip	o in China right now, so he wo	n't be the meeting	this afternoon.
(A)offending	(B)urging	(C)attending	(D)honoring
5. (B) The of the word			
(A)confidence	(B)meaning	(C)funeral	(D)client
6. (C) Jeremy didn't like the smel	() U		
street.			
(A)attend	(B)honor	(C)avoid	(D)conflict
7. (D) The salesperson lost some of			
(A)meaning	(B)backgrounds	(C)offense	(D)clients
8. (C) The young man meant no _	() U		
(A)funeral	(B)client	(C)offense	(D)confidence
9. (A) The teacher was		(C)onense	(D)confidence
	(B)avoided	(C)honored	(D)attended
10. (C) During Earth Hour, Peggy			(D)attended
(A)offended	(B)embarrassed	(C)urged	(D)floated
11. (B) It is <u>impolite</u> to talk with ye		(C)urgeu	(D)Hoaleu
· · ·		(C) ambarrage d	(D)normal
(A)Western (\mathbf{C}) the fact that the	(B)rude	(C)embarrassed	(D)normal
12. (C) the fact that the g			(D) Look forward to
(A)It's no wonder $(A = 12 (A = 1))$ We need to that			
13. (A) We need to that of	our guesis ionight do not eat p	ork, and it's important that we	e don i serve anytning with
pork in it.	(D) lo als formond	(\mathbf{C}) in arita	(D) no wonder that
(A)keep in mind (\mathbf{C}) More then one has dead as	(B)look forward	(C)in spite	(D)no wonder that
14. (C) More than one hundred peo			
(A)mattered	(B)considered	(C)attended	(D)emerged 【習作簿】
15. (B) When the bell rang, the tead	cher her students to	hand in their answer sheets.	
(A)offended	(B)urged	(C)attended	(D)embarrassed
	() 0		× /
16. (C) Melissa has in he	er son and believes that he wil	l do well in the talent show to	night.
(A)meaning	(B)funeral	(C)confidence	(D)background
	1 . 1401 (3	即回关户	
17. (B) In Taiwan, a <u>normal</u> workir	-		
(A)traditional	(B)typical	(C)original	(D)personal
18. (\mathbf{A}) Some people think that it is	s impolite to ask a woman how	/ old she is. (選同義字)	
(A)rude (B)similar	(C)usual	(D)certain	
(/			
19. (B) Tiffany gradually grows of the city.			
(A)Western	(B)fond	(C)impolite	(D)offensive
20. (A) In comparison with Taiwan	ese students, the students from	n China seem to be more	about expressing
themselves.			

	(A)confident	(B)international	(C)embarrassed	(D)Western
二、文法	去選擇			
		veight should avoid to	oo much fast food	
1. (11	(A)eating	(B)to eat	(C)to eating	(D)eat
	(11)cating		(C)to calling	【習作簿】
2. (B) Jeff was seriously ill in the	e hospital last Sunday.	_ was then he realize	
	(A)It; which	(B)It; that	(C)That; which	(D)That; that
3. (A) was Mary that I	wrote a letter to yesterday, not	May.	
	(A)It	(B)If	(C)Which	(D)What
4. (C) It is the adults g	give the children lucky money of	n the Chinese New Year's Eve	е.
	(A)which	(B)where	(C)who	(D)what
5. (A) It's kind of Katy	_ me a Christmas card every yea	ar.	
	(A)to send	(B)sent	(C)to sending	(D)send
6. (<mark>A</mark>) It was nice Pete	er to walk me home last night.	-	
× ×	(A)of	(B)with	(C)at	(D)from
7 (<mark>A</mark>) The gift will to		(-)	(=)
/. (11	(A)be given	(B)be giving	(C)gives	(D)give
8 (C			(C)gives	(D)give
ð. (U) I have a book v			(D) 1 1 1 1
	(A)is	(B)which it is	(C)which is	(D)and which is
9. (C		s considered because		
	· · · ·	(B)being important	(C)important	(D)be important
10. (A) I believe that Joe didn't m	ean your feelings.		
	(A)to hurt	(B)hurting	(C)hurt	(D)by hurting
11. (C) () It was Peter	_ found your lost key.		
(A)where	e (B)when	(C)who	(D)which	
12. (D) () It was sweet of Nanc	y a bottle of red wine	to the dinner party.	
(A)bring	(B)brought	(C)bringing	(D)to bring	
13. (B) () It was the kind woma	n called an ambulanc	e for you.	
	n (B)who	(C)which	(D)whose	
	× /			
14. (C) () The weather turned _	this afternoon.		
(A)coldly	y (B)being coldly	(C)cold	(D)being cold	
15. (B) Jennifer's hair turned	because of her stress.		
	(A)whites	(B)white	(C)whiten	(D)whiteness
16. (A) to shout at her f			
		(B)It was rude that Sarah	(C)Sarah was rude of it	(D)Sarah was rude for it
) Hank got when			
	(B)angrily	(C)anger	(D)in anger	
(A)aligi y	(D)aligniy	(C)anger	(D)III aligei	
18. (B) Oliver birthday is coming.	I want to .		
		(B)buy a basketball for him	(C)buy him for a basketball	(D)buy him to a basketball
())		(_)	(-))	(= /
19. (<mark>D</mark>) was my wallet	I lost on the train.		
	(A)What; so		(B)Which; than	(C)There; as (D)It;
	that			
		20). (C) Sun Moon L	ake, is one of the Eight
Wonders of Taiwan, stands in central Taiwan.				
	(A)who		(B)whom	(C)which (D)that
		2 / 6		

三、對話選擇

1. (B) A: Surprise! Happy birthday to you!			
B: Wow! What a nice watch! Thanks a lot.			
A: It's nothing.			
(A)You should think twice.	(B)I'm glad you like it.		
(C)I've got no plans for tonight.	(D)Good idea.		
2. (B) A: Fred gave me a pack of Taiwanese tea, but I'm a bit di	sappointed with it.		
B:			
A: Well, I don't drink tea, so it won't be a good gift fo	or me.		
(A)How about you? (B)Why is that?	(C)How about a pack of tea? (D)When is your birthday?		
3. (C) A: I'm thinking about holding a beachcleaning campaig	n during the summer vacation.		
B: In this way, we can keep the beach clean an	nd protect the environment at the same time.		
A: So, would you like to join me?			
B: Of course. Count me in!			
(A)It's not as good as I thought.	(B)I'd like to, but I'll be very busy.		
(C)Good for you.	(D)Thanks for your advice.		
4. (A) A: What do you think about the new restaurant?			
B: Both the food and service there are great.			
(A)I'm totally satisfied with it.	(B)I won't go there again.		
(C)I'm somewhat disappointed.	(D)I'm glad you like it.		
5. (A) A: Why are you preparing so many snacks?			
B: Will you come together?			
A: Sure. I'll bring some drinks.			
(A)Some of my friends are coming over to my place.	(B)I'm going on a diet to lose some weight.		
(C)These are the gifts I got on my birthday.	(D)The supermarket is having a big sale.		
6. (C) A: Your new cell phone looks great.			
B: Actually, It can't take beautiful photos.			
A: That's too bad.			
(A)it is perfect and useful	(B)I am very satisfied with it		
(C)it is not as good as I thought	(D)I am lucky enough to have it		
7. (C) A: What did you get at Christmas?			
B: I got a sweater because I just bought the sa	ame one the other day.		
A: I know how you feel.			
(A)I don't want to give it to you	(B)I don't like the color of it		
(C)I'm somewhat disappointed with it	(D)This is exactly what I hate		
8. (B) A:			
B: Really? What did you get?			
A: A cute pair of gloves. I can keep my hands warm with these glo	oves in winter.		
B: Sounds not bad.			
(A)I gave my mother a present yesterday.	(B)I'm happy enough with my gift.		
(C)In Taiwan, it is really cold in winter.	(D)Here is a pair of gloves for you.		
9. (A) A: I ordered a dress in small size online, but I got a large	e one.		
B: You should return it to the store and ask for a dress in your size.			
A: I did, but The store said that it might take another m	onth for them to deal with the order.		
B: That's ridiculous. I suggest you not shop at this online store aga	lin.		
(A)I wasn't not satisfied with its service	(B)I'm too thin to wear that dress		
(C)the dress looked quite pretty	(D)the online store didn't reply		
3 / 6	ί.		

10. (D) Iris: Mr. Foster, what do you think of my report?

Mr. Foster: _____ You did a good job.

(A)Your report is late again.

(C)The ideas are not original.

(B)There are many mistakes in it. (D)I'm very pleased with your work.

四、克漏字選擇

1. I'll never forget the day when my boyfriend Joseph, who is from the United States, first met my parents in France. Joseph bought a bouquet of chrysanthemums for them, but I __(1)__ to tell him that in France, chrysanthemums should only __(2)__ on graves. Can you imagine how mad my father was when Joseph presented him __(3)__ chrysanthemums? As soon as my father saw the flowers, he shouted at Joseph, "It is really rude __(4)__ you to bring us chrysanthemums!" Poor Joseph! He just stood there, not ___(5)__ what to do. It was really a terrible day for him.

(1)() (A) forgetting		(B) forgotten	
	(C) have forge	otten	(D) had forgotten	
(2)() (A) be used	(B) use	(C) using	(D) to use
(3)() (A) for	(B) of	(C) by	(D) with
(4)() (A) for	(B) of	(C) by	(D) with
(5)() (A) to know	(B) known	(C) knowing	(D) knew
答案:	(1)D $(2)A$	(3)D $(4)B$ $(5)C$		

Giftgiving customs are very different around the world. 1, people in Taiwan often avoid 2 clocks as gifts 2. since "giving a clock" in Chinese sounds like "<u>3</u> a funeral." In India, cows are regarded <u>4</u> sacred animals. Therefore, giving any leather gift to Indians is <u>5</u>. Besides, it is important to know <u>6</u> chrysanthemums are not a suitable gift for the French because in France those flowers carry the <u>7</u> of death and <u>8</u> for funerals only. Above all, always keep cultural differences <u>9</u>. Before giving a gift to foreigners, we should <u>10</u> some time studying their giftgiving customs.

(1) () (A) As a result (B) No wonder (C) For example (D) In spite of (2)() (A) to give (C) given (D) gave

(B) giving

(3)()(A) bending (C) offending (D) attending (B) lending

(4)(-)(A) to (B) to be (C) as (D) like

(5) () (A) offensive (B) embarrassed (C) confident (D) pleased

(6)() (A) what (B) that (C) which (D) whose

(7) () (A) meaning (B) tradition (C) offense (D) confidence

(8)() (A) using (B) which used (C) used (D) are used

(9)() (A) in surprise (B) in need (C) in mind (D) in sight

() (A) cost (B) take (C) spend(D) pay (10)

答案: (1)C (2)B (3)D (4)C (5)A (6)B (7)A (8)D (9)C (10)C

3. The idea of giving suitable gifts is different from country to country, and sometimes a carefully-selected gift in one culture may be (1) in another. For example, in Chinese culture, it is a knives as a gift (2) represents the end of a relationship, and it would be rude of someone (3) this as a gift. What's more, the way the gift is presented also (4). In order not to __(5)__ ourselves, we must spend some time looking up the customs of different places before we give others gifts.

(1)() (A) offensive	(B) pleased	(C) confident	(D) international
(2)() (A) that	(B) what	(C) which	(D) where
(3)() (A) given	(B) gives	(C) giving	(D) to give
(4)() (A) urges	(B) matters	(C) avoids	(D) attends
(5)() (A) offend	(B) embarrass	(C) honor	(D) attend
答案:	(1)A $(2)A$	(3)D $(4)B$ $(5)B$	3	

4. A year ago, I didn't know anything about Hindu culture and customs, so when I visited a friend in India, something (1) happened to me. Before the visit, I bought a beautiful leather purse for my friend, and I was (2) that she would like it. However, I didn't know that to Hindu people, it is the cows (3) are considered sacred. Leather gifts are thought to be ___(4)__ because of this. It was ___(5)__ that my friend wasn't happy when she saw the gift. Next time when I visit a foreign country, I will not make the same mistake again.

(1) () (A) Western (B) embarrassing (C) pleased (D) fond

(2) () (A) normal (B) embarrassed (C) confident (D) impolite

(3)() (A) that (B) which (C) what (D) where

(4) () (A) fond (B) perfect (C) normal (D) offensive

(5) () (A) no wonder (B) in spite (C) keep in mind (D) as for

答案: (1)B (2)C (3)A (4)D (5)A

五、閱讀測驗

1. Giftgiving customs are very different from country to country. As an American, I always treat a bottle of wine as a perfect gift when visiting a friend. However, I noticed that the French prefer to serve their own wine when they invite friends over for dinner. For them, bringing wine as a gift is not the best choice. In fact, it is better to bring a bouquet of flowers or a box of candies as a gift in France.

On the other hand, flowers, in Italy, are only used in funerals. To avoid such embarrassment (尴尬), buying wine is a safer decision there. In addition, the British love and <u>expect</u> candies when their friends return from vacation. As a result, when I pay a visit to a British friend, I often bring a box of chocolates with me. Before traveling abroad, I believe it is important to have a basic understanding of the local cultures so as not to offend the local people.

(1)() The writer is a(n) _____.

(A) American (B) French (C) Italian (D) British

(2) () Who will NOT enjoy a bouquet of flowers as a gift?

(A) The Americans.(B) The French.

(C) The Italians. (D) The British.

- (3)() The word **expect** in the second paragraph (段落) probably means _____.
- (A) to keep in mind(B) to dress up as
- (C) to take care of (D) to look forward to
- (4) () According to the passage, which of the following is true?
- (A) A bottle of wine is a perfect gift in France.
- (B) The writer may come from Britain.
- (C) The Americans often bring candies to funerals.
- (D) Sending flowers as a gift in Italy is offensive.

答案: (1)A (2)C (3)D (4)D

六、引導式翻譯

1. Jeff 經常取笑 Tracy。難怪她不喜歡他。

Jeff often makes fun of Tracy. It's _____ that she doesn't like him.

答案:no;wonder

Glenn 的皮膚在吃了蝦子之後變成紅色。
Glenn's skin _____ after he ate some shrimps.

答案: turned; red

3. 感謝你挺身相助,我永遠都會銘記在心。 Thank you for helping me out. I will always _____ it _____.

答案: keep; in; mind

4. 儘管我最好的朋友遠在臺南,她還是來到臺北慶祝我的生日。

_____ the fact that my best friend lives far away in Tainan, she still came to Taipei to celebrate my

birthday.

答案:In; spite; of

5. 儘管 Chase 先生工作很忙,他從未忘記在週末的時候致電雙親。

<u>In</u> <u>spite</u> of the fact that Mr. Chase is busy with his work, he never forgets to call his parents on weekends.

6. Tim 上個月和女友分手了。難怪他看起來很難過。 Tim broke up with his girlfriend last month. It's <u>no</u> <u>wonder</u> that he looks upset. 七 句型練習 ∫ Joseph was careless. 1. He left his wallet on the school bus. (*It...*) \rightarrow It was careless of Joseph to leave his wallet on the school bus. 2. I met my wife at the Halloween party. (強調畫底線的部分) → It was at the Halloween party that I met my wife 3. Trevor was sweet. Trevor made a birthday cake for his mother. (合併句子) It was sweet of Trevor to make a birthday cake for his mother. 4. ∫ Amy was nice. LAmy helped me with my math homework. (合併句子) It was nice of Amy to help me with my math homework. 5. Sam fell in love with Marie. \rightarrow It was Marie <u>that Sam fell in love with</u> 6. Cassidy broke the school computer. \rightarrow It was the school computer that Cassidy broke 7. silly/of/It/Amanda/was/to/believe a stranger It was silly of Amanda to believe a stranger. 8. Sam/smart/think of this idea/It/was/of/to It was smart of Sam to think of this idea 9. share a joke/humorous/of/with us/to/It/Jimmy/was It was humorous of Jimmy to share a joke with us. 10. It/answer her students' questions/patient/the teacher/of/to/is It is patient of the teacher to answer her students' questions.